## LESSON 3. – July 21, 1888.

## THE TIME OF THE MESSAGE continued.

I. WHAT warning does God give, against the worship of the beast and his image? Rev. 14:9-11.
2. This text says, "The third angel followed them;" followed whom? Verses 6, 8.
3. The sixth verse says, "I saw <i>another</i> angel fly in the midst of heaven;" to what does this seem to direct us?  AnsTo another one that had been seen somewhere.
4. Where is the record of John's seeing another angel flying thus? Rev. 8:13.
5. What is the burden of this angel's cry?
6. How many woes?
7. By reason of what?
8. Then with what are these three woes connected?

9. To what does the fifth trumpet-the first woe-refer? <i>AnsTo</i> the rise and spread of Mohammedanism. "With surprising unanimity, commentators have agreed in regard to this as referring to the empire of the Saracens, or to the rise and progress of the religion and the empire of Mohammed."- <i>Albert Barnes</i> .
10. What did the prophet say should be commanded them? Rev. 9 : 4.
11. What was commanded them? Gibbon 51 : to. See note.
12. For what specific length of time were they to torment men? Verses 5, 10.
13. When did this period begin?  AnsIt was on the twenty-seventh day of July, in the year twelve hundred and ninety-nine of the Christian Era, that Othman first invaded the territory of NicomediaGibbon,. chap. 6d, par. 13.
14. Then at what time did the first woe end? AnsJuly 27, 1449.
15. What followed? Rev. 9:13.
16. How long was the sixth trumpet-the second woe-to continue? Verse 15.

17. Literally what length of time is this? Ans.-391 years and 15 days.

18. When did it end? Ans.-August 11, 1840.

19. What historical event marks the ending of this time at that date? Ans.-On that day the four great powers, of Europe, England, Austria, Prussia, and Russia,--assumed control of all the foreign affairs of the Government of Turkey, and have held it ever since. See "Thoughts on the Revelation," 9:18, 19.

## NOTE.

QUESTION II.- "Remember that you are always in the presence of God; on the verge of death, in the assurance of judgment, and the hope of Paradise. Avoid injustice and oppression; consult with your brethren, and study to preserve the love and confidence of your troops. When you fight the battles of the Lord, acquit yourselves like men, without turning your backs; but let not your victory be stained with the blood of women or children. *Destroy no palm trees, nor burn any, fields of corn. Cut down no fruit trees,* nor do any mischief to cattle, only such as you will to eat. When you make any covenant or article, stand to it, and be as good as your word. As you go on, you will find some religious persons who live retired in monasteries, and propose to themselves to serve 'God that way; let them alone, and neither kill them nor destroy their monasteries. And you will find another sort of people that belong to the synagogue of Satan, who have shaven crowns; be sure you cleave their skulls, and give them no quarter till they either turn Mahometans or pay tribute."

## **Ellen White Notes Compiled:**

Compare the details of the two Great Controversy Versions (1888 vs. 1911):

Many who witnessed the falling of the stars, looked upon it as a herald of the coming Judgment,—"an awful type, a sure forerunner, a merciful sign, of that great and dreadful day." Thus the attention of the people was directed to the fulfillment of prophecy, and many were led to give heed to the warning of the second advent. {GC88 334.3}

In the year 1840, another remarkable fulfillment of prophecy excited widespread interest. Two years before, Josiah Litch, one of the leading ministers preaching the second advent, published an exposition of Revelation 9, predicting the fall of the Ottoman empire, and specifying not only the year but the very day on which this would take place. According to this exposition, which was purely a matter of calculation on the prophetic periods of Scripture, the Turkish government would surrender its independence on the eleventh day of August, 1840. The prediction was widely published, and thousands watched the course of events with eager interest. {GC88 334.4}

At the very time specified, Turkey, through her ambassadors, accepted the protection of the allied powers of Europe, and thus placed herself under the control of Christian nations. The event exactly fulfilled the prediction. When it became known, multitudes were convinced of the correctness of the principles of prophetic interpretation adopted by Miller and his associates, and a wonderful impetus was given to the Advent movement. Men of learning and position united with Miller, both in preaching and publishing his views, and from 1840 to 1844 the work rapidly extended. {GC88 334.5}

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